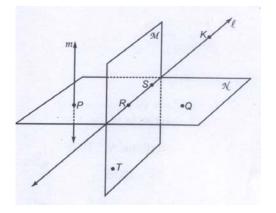


Goal 5: Solve problems using visualization and geometric modeling

<u>Section 1</u>: Points, Lines, and Planes

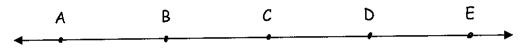


Use the diagram above to answer the following questions. (1.5 points per problem)

- **1.** How many planes contain \overrightarrow{RS} ?
- **2**. What is the intersection of line m and plane N?
- **3**. Are R, P, S and T coplanar ?
- **4.** What is the intersection of line ℓ and plane \mathcal{M}

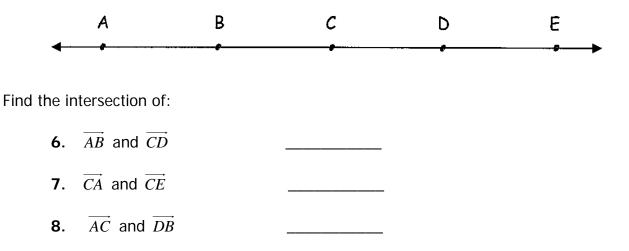
Section 2: Distance, Line Segments, and Rays

5. Using the number line below, state all the line segments congruent to \overline{AC} . (3 points)





Use the following diagram for questions 6, 7, and 8 (3 points)

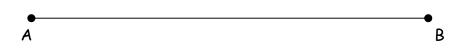


<u>Section 3</u>: Midpoints

- **9.** On a number line, if the coordinate of point **A** is **-2** and a point **B** is **5**, find: (2 points) A. the coordinate of point **C** if **B** is the midpoint of \overrightarrow{AC}
 - B. the length of \overline{AC}

10. \overline{LN} is bisected at point **M**. The measure of \overline{LM} is **5x+4**. The measure of \overline{MN} is **11 - 2x**. Find the measure of \overline{LN} . (3 points)

Section 4: Constructions (3 points)



- Using a straight edge and a compass, construct a line segment congruent to \overline{AB} and name it \overline{CD} .
- Bisect \overline{CD} at point P
- Place point M on \overline{PD} and construct a perpendicular line through M so that $\overrightarrow{LM} \perp \overline{PD}$.